Spotting Errors in a Calculation

Study Development Worksheet

## Example

A patient must be given 250ml of fluid over 8 hours. What volume of fluid will they receive from an infusion each hour? What volume of fluid will they receive from an infusion each minute?

* Volume of fluid given per hour (ml/hour) = = = 31
* Volume of fluid given per minute (ml/minute) = = = = 187.5

Are there any mistakes in this answer? How would you correct them?

## Answer

* The volume of fluid given per hour has been rounded. It should be written as 31.25, as the question has not asked for the answer to be rounded.
* The formula volume of fluid given per minute has been copied incorrectly. It should be ‘volume of fluid given per minute (ml/minute) = ’.
* 250 x 60 has been calculated incorrectly. This should be equal to 15,000. However, since the incorrect formula was used, we do not need to repeat this calculation to get the correct answer.
* Neither answer has been written with the correct units.
* The two answers should therefore be: volume of fluid given per hour = 31.25 ml/hour, volume of fluid given per minute = 0.521 ml/minute.

Spotting Errors in a Calculation

Study Development Worksheet

## Questions

Identify any mistakes in the following answers, and correct them to get the right answer.

1. A patient is prescribed a drug that has a dosage of 2mg/kg of bodyweight per day. The patient weighs 40kg. How much of the drug should the patient take in the day?

* Daily dose = patient’s bodyweight x dosage per day = 2 x 40 = 80 per day

The dosage is 2mg/kg of bodyweight per day so the patient should take the drug twice per day. Therefore, one dose is 40.

1. A patient is prescribed 20mg of a drug to be given intravenously. The vials of the drug contain 4000micrograms/2ml. How many ml should be given to the patient?

* Tablet dose = = = 0.005 mg

1. A child requires a painkiller. They weigh 6st4, and the drug has a dosage of 4ml/kg of bodyweight per day, to be taken 3 times per day. How much should the child take in a single dose of the painkiller?

* 6st4 = 64lbs. 64 lbs x 0.454 = 29.056kg of bodyweight.

Daily dose = bodyweight (kg) x dosage = 29.056 kg x 4 ml/kg/day = 116 ml/day

Single dose = = 55.33 ml/dose.

Spotting Errors in a Calculation

Study Development Worksheet

## Answer

1. There are two mistakes in this answer. The person answering has incorrectly assumed that the drug must be taken twice per day because of the dosage. The dosage does not affect the number of doses in the time period. The other mistake is that units have not been used. The answer should be:

Daily dose (mg/day) = patient’s bodyweight (kg) x dosage per day (mg/kg/day)

= 40kg x 2mg/kg/day = 80 mg/day.

1. There are two mistakes in this answer. The measurement of the dose in stock is given in micrograms/2ml and the dose prescribed is given in mg. In order to fix this, we must convert the dose in stock into mg/2ml. We do this by dividing by 1000, to get the dose in stock to be 4mg/2ml. Secondly, the wrong formula has been chosen. This drug must be given intravenously, so we calculate this as follows:

Suspension dose (ml) = x stock volume (ml) = x 2 ml = 10ml.

1. The child’s weight has not been converted correctly. The stones have been multiplied by 10 instead of 14. This step should be:

6st4 = (6 x 14) lbs + 4lbs = 88lbs. 88lbs x 0.454 = 39.952 kg.

The daily dose has been rounded, when it should not have been yet. It has also been transferred incorrectly when it has been put into the single dose equation. The answer should be:

Daily dose (ml/day) = 39.952 kg x 4 ml/kg/day = 159.808 ml/day

Single dose (ml/dose) = = 53.26933 ml/dose = 53.27 ml/dose (rounded for ease).

**Support**: Study Development offers workshops, short courses, 1 to 1 and small group tutorials.

* Join a tutorial or workshop on the [Study Development tutorial and workshop webpage](https://www.yorksj.ac.uk/students/study-skills/study-development-tutorials/) or search ‘YSJ study development tutorials.’
* Access our Study Success resources on the [Study Success webpage](https://www.yorksj.ac.uk/students/study-skills/study-success/) or search ‘YSJ study success.’